Age-Friendly Cities in Québec

Famille et Aînés Québec by Suzanne Garon, Ph.D. Marie Beaulieu, Ph.D.











Phase 1

2006-2007

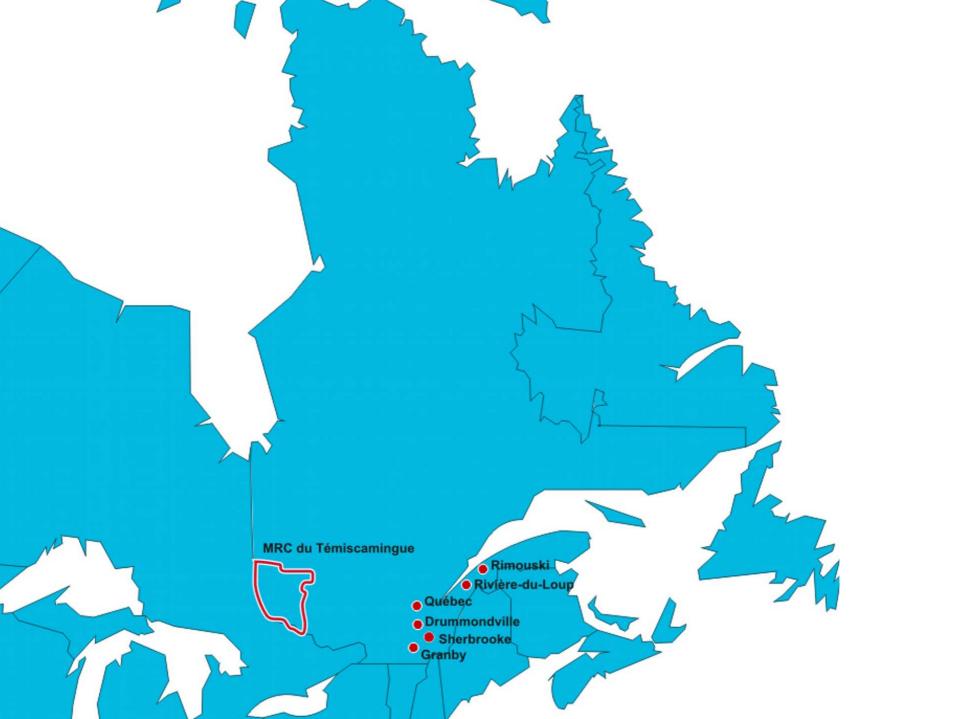


Phase 2

2008-2013

- \$2.8 M in funding, including close to \$0.5 M for expertise and research (\$2.3 M for action)
- Goal of active aging (social participation, safety, health)
- 7 communities: Charlesbourg (Québec city),
 Drummondville, Granby, Rimouski, Rivière-du-Loup, Sherbrooke, Témiscamingue (area of 22 remote communities)

- Tied to municipal administration
- Steering committee with some appointed members (including a city councillor)



Action-Research

ACTION

- Diagnostic
- Action Plan
- Implementation stage

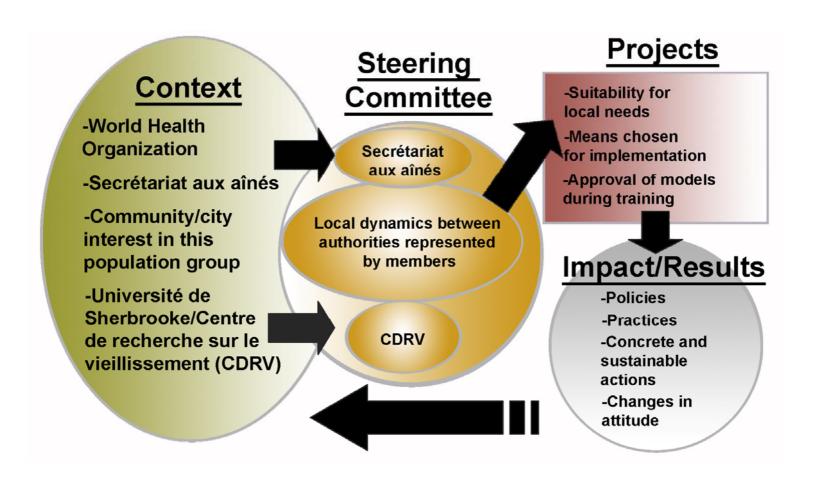
RESEARCH

- Environmental and needs evaluation
- Implementation evaluation
- Impact evaluation

Time Frame

1	Training of the project officer (diagnostic) - Tools
	diagnostic (environment, services, needs) - Support
	Training of the steering committee members (plan of action) -Tools
	Plan of action - Support
2-3-4	Implementation of diverse activities
	Annual seminar, support and training
2-3-4	Evaluation of Implementation
5	Continuation of activities
	Impact evaluation

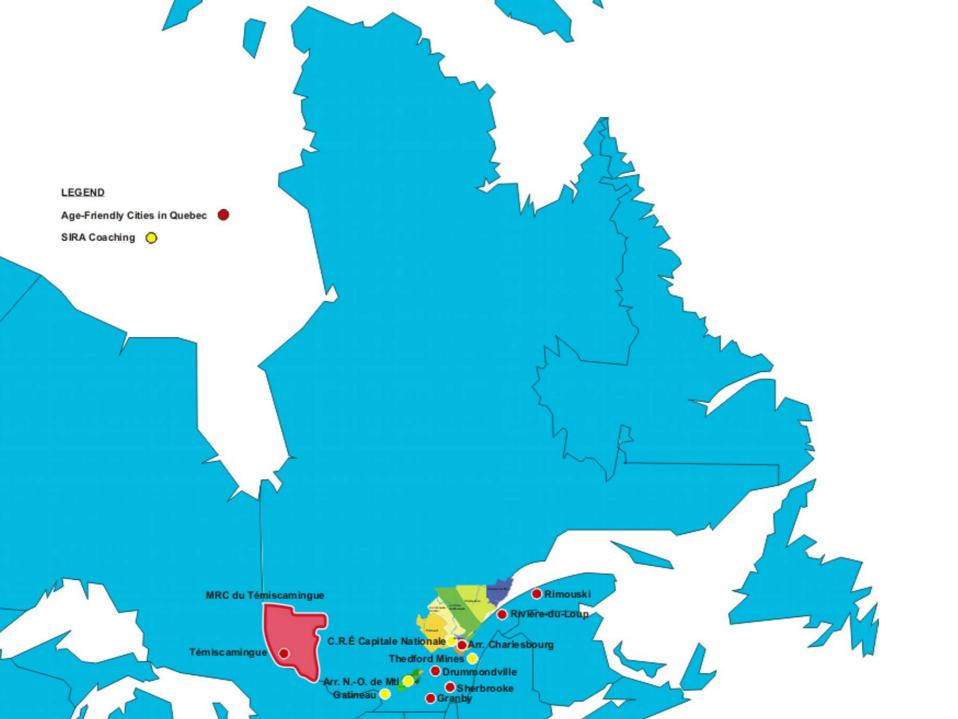
Participatory Approach



Source: Adapted from Community based participatory research (CBPR) for health – from process to outcomes. Minkler & Wallerstein ed., 2008.

Phase 3

2009-2010



Conclusion

- We started small, we are blooming
- AFC is a positive and dynamic way of including older adults in our communities
- A unique occasion of linking community development, research and government
- In our session, we will say more about the 7 communities, what comes out of their diagnostic, what are the emerging priorities of their plan of action and we will better explain our framework and our role
- A few examples on the housing components

Projet Villes-Amies des Aînés au Québec

Mercil

